INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORTS
BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND
SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION
SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS
AND QUESTIONED COSTS

JUNE 30, 2012

TABLE OF CONTENTS JUNE 30, 2012

<u>Officials</u>		<u>Page</u> 1
Independent Auditor's Report		2-3
Management's Discussion and Analysis		4-8
Basic Financial Statements:	<u>Exhibit</u>	
Government-wide Financial Statements:		•
Statement of Net Assets Statement of Activities	A B	9 10
Governmental Fund Financial Statements:	D	10
Balance Sheet	С	11-12
Reconciliation of the Balance Sheet – Governmental Funds to the	_	, <u>-</u>
Statement of Net Assets	D	13
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in		
Fund Balances	E	14-15
Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes	_	40
in Fund Balances – Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities Fiduciary Fund Financial Statement:	F	16
Statement of Fiduciary Assets and Liabilities – Agency Funds	G	17
Notes to Financial Statements	J	18-31
Other Information: Budgetary Comparison Schedule of Receipts, Disbursements and Changes in Balances – Budget and Actual (Cash Basis) – All Governmental Funds Budget to GAAP Reconcillation Notes to Other Information – Budgetary Reporting Schedule of Funding Progress for the Retiree Health Plan		32 33 34 35
Supplementary Information:	<u>Schedule</u>	
Nonmajor Governmental Funds:		
Combining Balance Sheet	1	36
Combining Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances	2	37
Agency Funds:	2	20 44
Combining Schedule of Fiduciary Assets and Liabilities Combining Schedule of Changes in Fiduciary Assets and Liabilities	3 4	38-41 42-45
Schedule of Revenue by Source and Expenditures by Function-All		72.70
Governmental Funds	5	46-47
Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards	6	48-49
Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on		
Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed		
in Accordance with Government Auditing Standards		50-51
Independent Auditor's Report on Compliance with Requirements That Could Have a Direct		
and Material Effect on Each Major Program and on Internal Control over Compliance in		
Accordance with OMB Circular A-133		52-53
Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs		54-57

<u>OFFICIALS</u>

<u>Name</u>	<u>Title</u>	Term Expires
Robert Beck Tom Broeker Dan Cahill	Board of Supervisors Board of Supervisors Board of Supervisors	January 2015 January 2015 January 2013
Carol Copeland	County Auditor	January 2013
Brenda Buck	County Treasurer	January 2015
Kathryn Waterhouse	County Recorder	January 2015
Mike Johnstone	County Sheriff	January 2013
Patrick Jackson	County Attorney	January 2015
Matt Warner	County Assessor	Appointed

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Officials of Des Moines County, Iowa:

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of Des Moines County, Iowa, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2012, which collectively comprise the County's basic financial statements listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of Des Moines County, Iowa's management. Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with U.S. generally accepted auditing standards and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in <u>Government Auditing Standards</u>, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinions.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of Des Moines County, Iowa at June 30, 2012, and the respective changes in financial position for the year then ended in conformity with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles.

In accordance with <u>Government Auditing Standards</u>, we have also issued our report dated March 26, 2013 on our consideration of Des Moines County, Iowa's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with <u>Government Auditing Standards</u> and should be considered in assessing the results of our audit.

U.S. generally accepted accounting principles require Management's Discussion and Analysis, the Budgetary Comparison Information, and the Schedule of Funding Progress for the Retiree Health Plan on pages 3 through 8 and 32 through 35 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board which considers it to be an essential part of the financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with U.S. generally accepted auditing standards, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the other information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise Des Moines County, lowa's basic financial statements. The financial statements for the nine years ended June 30, 2011 (which are not presented herein) were audited by other auditors. The other auditors expressed unqualified opinions on those financial statements. The supplementary information included in Schedules 1 through 6, including the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards required by U.S. Office of Management and Budget (OMB) Circular A-133, Audits of States, Local Governments and Non-Profit Organizations is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in our audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements or to the financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with U.S. generally accepted auditing standards. In our opinion, the supplementary information is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

ANDERSON, LARKIN & CO. P.C.

Ottumwa, Iowa March 26, 2013

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

Des Moines County, Iowa provides this Management's Discussion and Analysis of its financial statements. This narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities is for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2012. We encourage readers to consider this information in conjunction with the County's financial statements, which follow.

2012 FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- County revenue decreased 6.7%, or \$1,747,897 from fiscal year 2011 to 2012.
- ♦ County program expenses were 1.5%, or \$391,605 less in fiscal year 2012 than in 2011.
- ◆ The County's net assets decreased 1.5%, or \$583,017, during the year ended June 30, 2012.

USING THIS ANNUAL REPORT

The annual report consists of a series of financial statements and other information, as follows:

Management's Discussion and Analysis introduces the basic financial statements and provides an analytical overview of the County's financial activities.

The Government-wide Financial Statements consist of a Statement of Net Assets and a Statement of Activities. These provide information about the activities of Des Moines County, Iowa as a whole and present an overall view of the County's finances.

The Fund Financial Statements tell how governmental services were financed in the short term as well as what remains for future spending. Fund financial statements report Des Moines County, Iowa's operations in more detail than the government-wide statements by providing information about the most significant funds. The remaining statements provide financial information about activities for which Des Moines County, Iowa acts solely as an agent or custodian for the benefit of those outside of County government (Agency Funds).

Notes to Financial Statements provide additional information essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the basic financial statements.

Other Information further explains and supports the financial statements with a comparison of the County's budget for the year, as well as presenting the Schedule of Funding Progress for the Retiree Health Plan.

Supplementary Information provides detailed information about the nonmajor governmental funds and the individual Agency Funds. In addition, the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards provides details of various programs benefiting the County.

REPORTING THE COUNTY'S FINANCIAL ACTIVITIES

Government-wide Financial Statements

One of the most important questions asked about the County's finances is, "Is the County as a whole better off or worse off as a result of the year's activities?" The Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities report information which helps answer this question. These statements include all assets and liabilities using the accrual basis of accounting and the economic resources measurement focus, which is similar to the accounting used by most private-sector companies. All of the current year's revenues and expenses are taken into account, regardless of when cash is received or paid.

The Statement of Net Assets presents all of the County's assets and liabilities, with the difference between the two reported as "net assets". Over time, increases or decreases in the County's net assets may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the County is improving or deteriorating.

The Statement of Activities presents information showing how the County's net assets changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net assets are reported as soon as the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will not result in cash flows until future fiscal periods.

The County's governmental activities are presented in the Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities. Governmental activities include public safety and legal services, physical health and social services, mental health, county environment and education, roads and transportation, governmental services to residents, administration, interest on long-term debt and non-program activities. Property tax and state and federal grants finance most of these activities.

Fund Financial Statements

The County has two kinds of funds:

1. Governmental funds account for most of the County's basic services. These focus on how money flows into and out of those funds, and the balances left at year-end that are available for spending. The governmental funds include: 1) the General Fund, 2) the Special Revenue Funds such as Mental Health, Rural Services, and Secondary Roads, 3) the Debt Service Fund, and 4) the Capital Projects Fund. These funds are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting, which measures cash and all other financial assets that can readily be converted to cash. The governmental fund financial statements provide a detailed, short-term view of the County's general governmental operations and the basic services it provides. Governmental fund information helps determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance the County's programs.

The required financial statements for governmental funds include a Balance Sheet and a Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances.

2. Fiduciary funds are used to report assets held in a trust or agency capacity for others which cannot be used to support the County's own programs. These fiduciary funds include Agency Funds that account for drainage districts, emergency management services and the County Assessor, to name a few.

The required financial statement for fiduciary funds is a Statement of Fiduciary Assets and Liabilities.

Reconciliations between the government-wide financial statements and the fund financial statements follow the fund financial statements.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

As noted earlier, net assets may serve over time as a useful indicator of financial position. The analysis that follows focuses on the changes in net assets for governmental activities.

Net Assets of Governmental Activities

	<u>2012</u>		<u>2011</u>
Current and other assets Capital assets Total assets	\$ 23,592,884 34,599,110 58,191,994	\$	22,437,392 35,067,219 57,504,611
Long-term debt outstanding Other liabilities Total liabilities	5,198,489 <u>14,660,540</u> <u>19,859,029</u>		3,894,121 14,694,508 18,588,629
Net assets: Invested in capital assets, net of related debt Restricted Unrestricted Total net assets	\$ 34,498,205 4,685,210 (850,450) 38,332,965	. \$	34,929,694 3,791,993 <u>194,295</u> 38,915,982

Net assets of the County's governmental activities decreased by 1.5% (\$38,332,965 compared to \$38,915,982). The largest portion of the County's net assets is the investment in capital assets (e.g., land, infrastructure, buildings, and equipment), net of related debt. The debt related to the investment in capital assets is liquidated with resources other than capital assets. Restricted net assets represent resources that are subject to external restrictions, constitutional provisions or enabling legislation on how they can be used. Unrestricted net assets – the part of net assets that can be used to finance day-to-day operations without constraints established by debt covenants, enabling legislation, or other legal requirements – decreased from \$194,295 at June 30, 2011 to \$(850,450) at June 30, 2012, a decrease of 537.8%.

Changes in Net Assets of Governmental Activities

	<u>2012</u>	<u>2011</u>
Revenues:		
Program revenues:		
Charges for service	\$ 2,313,022	\$ 1,998,963
Operating grants, contributions and restricted interest	5,948,668	6,652,799
Capital grants, contributions and restricted interest	720,694	2,239,747
General revenues:		
Property and other County tax	12,788,043	12,542,755
Penalty and interest on property tax	120,038	148,447
State tax credits	413,247	417,898
Local option tax	1,792,744	1,747,901
Unrestricted investment earnings	79,433	116,919
Other general revenues	163,258	221,615
Total revenues	24,339,147	26,087,044
Expenses:		
Public safety and legal services	6,540,716	6,374,815
Physical health and social services	1,315,500	2,517,402
Mental health	5,119,816	4,627,146
County environment and education	1,561,182	1,684,949
Roads and transportation	6,135,978	5,856,974
Governmental services to residents	977,838	947,329
Administration	3,142,931	3,179,281
Interest on long-term debt	128,203	125,873
Total expenses	24,922,164	25,313,769
Total expenses	24,322,104	20,010,709
Changes in net assets	(583,017)	773,275
Net assets – Beginning of year	<u>38,915,982</u>	<u>38,142,707</u>
Net assets – End of year	\$ 38,332,965	\$ 38,915,982

The results of governmental activities for the year resulted in Des Moines County, Iowa's net assets decreasing by \$583,017. Revenues for governmental activities decreased by \$1,747,897 from the prior year, including decreases in capital grants, contributions and restricted interest. Expenditures decreased by \$391,605 including decreases in physical health and social services expenses.

The cost of all governmental activities this year was \$24,922,164 compared to \$25,313,769 last year. However, as shown in the Statement of Activities, the amount that our taxpayers ultimately financed for these activities through County taxes was only \$15,939,780 because some of the cost was paid by those directly benefited from the programs (\$2,313,022) or by other governments and organizations that subsidized certain programs with grants and contributions (\$6,669,362).

INDIVIDUAL MAJOR FUND ANALYSIS

As the County completed the year, its governmental funds reported a combined fund balance of \$8,675,580, which is an increase of \$1,532,008 from last year's total of \$7,143,572.

- General Fund revenues and expenditures decreased by 13.3% and 4.2%, respectively, when compared to the
 prior year. The ending fund balance showed a decrease from the prior year of \$558,596 from \$1,987,177 to
 \$1,428,581.
- The County has continued to look for ways to effectively manage the cost of mental health services. For the year, expenditures totaled \$5,012,235, an increase of 11.9% from the prior year. The Mental Health Fund balance at year end increased by \$312,633 from the prior year due to increased revenues.
- Secondary Roads Fund expenses decreased \$811,591 from the prior year. As a result, there was an increase in the Secondary Roads Fund ending balance of \$542,508, or 18.5%.
- Rural Services Fund expenditures decreased \$196,483 from the previous year and its ending fund balance increased from the prior year by \$111,717 to \$217,621.
- During the year ended June 30, 2012, debt proceeds increased \$1,855,000 and transfers out in the Debt Service Fund increased \$432,938 from the prior year. At the end of the year, the ending fund balance in the Debt Service Fund had increased to \$3,101,961.

BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS

Over the course of the year, Des Moines County, Iowa amended its budget two times. The first amendment was made on April 1, 2012 and the second amendment was made on June 11, 2012. These amendments resulted in increases in budgeted disbursements in certain County departments. Even with these amendments, disbursements exceeded the amounts budgeted in the capital projects function.

CAPTIAL ASSETS AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

Capital Assets

At June 30, 2012, Des Moines County, Iowa had \$34,599,110 invested in a broad range of capital assets, including public safety equipment, buildings, park facilities, and roads and bridges. This amount represents a net decrease (including additions, deletions and depreciation) of \$468,109 or 1.3% less than the prior year. The majority of this decrease was due to less construction in progress additions compared to depreciation expense in the current year.

Capital Assets of Governmental Activities at Year End

	<u>2012</u>	<u>2011</u>
Land Intangibles (net) Construction in progress Buildings and improvements (net) Equipment and vehicles (net) Infrastructure (net) Totals	\$ 4,616,813 213,705 1,787,041 5,128,795 2,764,642 20,088,114 34,599,110	\$ 4,616,813 235,256 2,244,905 5,383,812 2,537,462 20,048,971 35,067,219
The year's major additions included: Construction in progress Buildings and improvements Intangibles Machinery and equipment Land	\$ 1,042,029 54,431 913,961 	\$ 2,990,844 53,882 115,174 766,702

The County had depreciation expense of \$2,455,131 for the year ended June 30, 2012, and total accumulated depreciation as of June 30, 2012 of \$30,469,269.

Long-term Debt

At June 30, 2012, the County had \$5,198,489 in general obligation notes and other debt compared to \$3,894,121 at June 30, 2011, as shown below.

Outstanding Debt of Governmental Activities at Year-End

	<u>2011</u>	<u> 2011</u>
Installment purchases	\$ -	\$ 66,758
General obligation capital loan notes	4,115,000	2,835,000
Capital leases	100,905	35,525
Compensated absences	819,159	789,228
Early retirement	106,895	124,386
Net OPEB liability	56,530	43,224
Totals	\$ 5,198,489	\$ 3,894,121

The Constitution of the State of Iowa limits the amount of general obligation debt that counties can issue to 5% of the assessed value of all taxable property within the County's corporate limits. The County's outstanding general obligation debt is significantly below its constitution debt limit of \$70,348,445. Other obligations include compensated absences, early retirement, capital leases and net OPEB liability. Additional information about the County's long-term debt is presented in Note 6 to the financial statements.

ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGETS AND RATES

Des Moines County, Iowa's elected and appointed officials and citizens considered many factors when setting the 2013 fiscal year budget, tax rates, and the fees charged for the various County activities. One of those factors is the economy. Unemployment in the County (as of October 2012) now stands at 5.8% versus 6.7% a year ago. This compares with the State's unemployment rate of 5.1% and the national rate of 7.5%.

Inflation in the State is slightly lower than the national Consumer Price Index increase. The State's CPI increase was 4.637% for the twelve month period ended October 2012 compared with the national increase of 4.896%.

These indicators were taken into account when adopting the budget for fiscal year 2013. Amounts available for appropriation in the operating budget are increasing by \$1,367,588 compared to the final fiscal year 2012 budget. Intergovernmental revenues are expected to make up the majority of this increase. Budgeted disbursements are expected to decrease by \$2,125,941 compared to the final fiscal year 2012 budget. Decreases in capital projects, public safety and legal services and mental health expenditures represent the majority of the decrease. The County has added no major new programs or initiatives to the fiscal year 2013 budget.

If these estimates are realized, the County's budgetary operating balance is expected to decrease \$1,904,030 by the close of fiscal year 2013.

CONTACTING THE COUNTY'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, customers, and creditors with a general overview of Des Moines County, Iowa's finances and to show the County's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact the Des Moines County Auditor's Office, 513 N. Main Street, Burlington, Iowa 52601.

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS JUNE 30, 2012

	G	overnmental <u>Activities</u>
ASSETS:		
Cash and pooled investments	\$	6,106,651
Cash with fiscal agent	*	1,399,344
Receivables:		.,,.
Property tax:		
Delinquent		53,335
Succeeding year		12,943,934
Interest and penalty on property tax		213,106
Accounts		111,374
Interest		7,012
Loan		1,685,000
Due from other governments		964,721
Inventories		108,407
Capital assets (net of accumulated depreciation)		34,599,110
Total assets		58,191,994
<u>LIABILITIES</u> :		
Accounts payable		462,437
Salaries and benefits payable		35,159
Due to other governments		994,427
Accrued interest		9,677
Renter's deposit		1,800
Deferred revenue:		
Succeeding year property tax		13,157,040
Long-term liabilities:		
Portion due or payable within one year:		
General obligation bonds		650,000
Early retirement		18,365
Compensated absences		408,561
Capital leases		40,251
Portion due or payable after one year:		0.405.000
General obligation bonds Early retirement		3,465,000
Compensated absences		88,530
Capital leases		410,598
Net OPEB liability		60,654 56,530
Total liabilities		
rotal liabilities		19,859,029
MET ACCETO		
NET ASSETS: Invested in capital assets, net of related debt		04 400 005
Restricted for:		34,498,205
Mental health		202 402
Secondary roads		382,402
Rural services		3,468,133
Supplemental levy		217,621 522,555
Debt service		17,617
Other purposes		76,882
Unrestricted		(850,450)
Total net assets	\$	
TOWN HOLDON	Φ	38,332,965

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012

		_		١	Program Reven	ues			
	Expenses		Charges for Service		Operating Grants, Contributions and Restricted Interest		Capital Grants, Contributions and Restricted Interest	_	Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in <u>Net Assets</u>
FUNCTIONS/PROGRAMS:									
Governmental activities:									
Public safety and legal services Physical health and social services Mental health County environment and education Roads and transportation Governmental services to residents Administration Interest on longterm debt Total	\$ 6,540,716 1,315,500 5,119,816 1,561,182 6,135,978 977,838 3,142,931 128,203 24,922,164	\$	676,370 345,473 22,076 44,787 236,057 902,645 85,614 2,313,022	\$	55,845 172,307 3,562,520 81,305 2,066,558 10,133	\$	720,694 720,694	\$	(5,808,501) (797,720) (1,535,220) (1,435,090) (3,112,669) (65,060) (3,057,317) (128,203) (15,939,780)
CENEDAL DEVENUES:									
GENERAL REVENUES: Property and other County tax levied for: General purposes Debt service Local option tax Penalty and interest on property tax State tax credits Unrestricted investment earnings Loss on disposal of capital assets Miscellaneous									12,493,972 294,071 1,792,744 120,038 413,247 79,433 (21,899) 185,157
Total general revenues									15,356,763
CHANGE IN NET ASSETS									(583,017)
NET ASSETS - Beginning of year									38,915,982
NET ASSETS - End of year								\$	38,332,965

BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2012

			Special Revenue				ue			
		General		Mental <u>Health</u>		Secondary Roads		Rural Services		
<u>ASSETS</u>										
Cash and pooled investments Cash with fiscal agent Receivables:		\$ 1,638,244	\$	1,397,737 -	\$	2,798,241	\$	179,802 -		
Property tax: Delinquent Succeeding year Interest and penalty on property tax Accounts Accrued interest		37,433 9,084,485 213,106 107,204 7,010		7,038 1,708,130 - 1,963		337		7,644 1,855,170 - - -		
Loan Due from other governments Inventories		243,787		89,618		584,300 108,407		47,016 		
	TOTAL ASSETS	\$ 11,331,269	\$	3,204,486	\$	3,491,285	\$	2,089,632		
LIABILITIES AND FUND BA	ALANCES									
LIABILITIES: Accounts payable Salaries and benefits payable Due to other governments Renter's deposit Deferred revenue:		\$ 326,830 14,488 11,440 1,800	\$	123,723 206 982,987	\$	2,687 20,465 -	\$	9,197 - - -		
Succeeding year property tax Other		9,297,591 250,539		1,708,130 7,038		-		1,855,170 7,644		
Total liabilities		9,902,688		2,822,084		23,152		1,872,011		
FUND BALANCES: Nonspendable: Inventories Restricted for:				-		108,407		-		
Debt service Supplemental levy purposes		522,555		_		-		-		
Mental health		~		382,402		-		-		
Secondary roads Rural services		-		-		3,359,726		- 047.004		
Other Purposes Assigned for:		105,218		-		-		217,621 -		
County attorney collections		88,889		_		-		_		
Geographic information system		131,462		-		_		-		
Correctional facility		41,397		-		-		-		
Sheriff reserve officers		3,539		-		-		-		
Transitional apartments Other Purposes		14,531		-		-		-		
Unassigned		12,746 508,244		-		-		-		
Total fund balances		1,428,581		382,402		3,468,133		217,621		
1 State Paris Manufacture		1,120,001				0,700,100		411,041		
F	TOTAL LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES	\$ 11,331,269	\$	3,204,486	\$	3,491,285	\$	2,089,632		

Debt <u>Service</u>	Nonmajor Governmental <u>Funds</u>	<u>Tot</u> a	ᆁ
\$ 17,617 1,399,344	\$ 75,010	\$ 6,106 1,399	
1,220 296,149 - - 1,685,000	1,870	12,943 213 111 7 1,685 964 108	,106 ,374 ,012 ,000 ,721 ,407
\$ 3,399,330	\$ 76,882	\$ <u>23,592</u>	<u>,884</u>
\$ 296,149 1,220 297,369	\$	35 994 1 13,157	,441
3,101,961	76,882	3,101 522 382 3,359 217 182 88 131 41 3	,555 ,402 ,726 ,621 ,100 ,889 ,462 ,397 ,539 ,539 ,746 ,244
\$ 3,399,330	\$ 76,882	\$ 23,592	.,884

RECONCILIATION OF THE BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS JUNE 30, 2012

TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL FUND BALANCES

\$ 8,675,580

AMOUNTS REPORTED FOR GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES IN THE STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS ARE DIFFERENT BECAUSE:

Capital assets used in governmental activities are not current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds. The cost of assets is \$65,068,379 and the accumulated depreciation is \$30,469,269.

34,599,110

Because some revenues will not be collected for several months after year end they are deferred or not recorded in the governmental funds, as follows:

Property tax

266,441

Long-term liabilities, including accrued interest payable, general obligation capital loan notes, capital leases, compensated absences, early retirement and net OPEB liability, are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.

(5,208,166)

NET ASSETS OF GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES

\$ 38,332,965

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012

REVENUES: Property and other County tax Interest and penalty on property tax Seneral Health Fig. 120,032 \$ 9,517,002 \$ 1,684,337 \$ \$ 120,038 - 120,038	896,372
REVENUES: Property and other County tax \$ 9,517,002 \$ 1,684,337 \$ Interest and penalty on property tax 120,038 -	896,372 184,113 6,945 19
Property and other County tax \$ 9,517,002 \$ 1,684,337 \$ Interest and penalty on property tax \$ 120,038 -	184,113 6,945 19
Interest and penalty on property tax 120,038 -	184,113 6,945 19
	6,945 19 -
	6,945 19 -
Intergovernmental 1,363,557 3,618,459 3, Licenses and permits 64,151 -	19 -
Charges for service 757,250	-
Use of money and property 296,077 453	10.512
Miscellaneous 340,956 21,619	
	097,961
EXPENDITURES:	
Current:	
Public safety and legal services 6,440,181	
Physical health and social services 1,301,073 -	-
Mental health - 5,012,235	-
County environment and education 1,085,352	-
	276,114
Governmental services to residents 973,376	0,,,,,
Administration 3,255,349 -	_
Debt service	-
Capital projects	985,598
Total expenditures <u>13,334,066</u> <u>5,012,235</u> <u>5,</u>	261,712
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over	
	163,751)
Other financial sources (uses);	
Sale of capital assets	1,500
Proceeds from capital lease 100,960 - Proceeds from long-term debt	-
	704750
Transfers out 432,936 - 1,	704,759
	706 250
Total other financing sources (uses) 316,439 - 1,	706,259
Excess (deficiency) of revenues and other	
financing sources over (under) expenditures	
and other financing uses (558,596) 312,633	542,508
FUND BALANCES - Beginning of year 1,987,177 69,769 2,	925,625
FUND BALANCES - End of year \$ 1,428,581 \$ 382,402 \$ 3,	468,133

	Special Revenue				Nonmajor		
	Rural		Debt		Governmental		
	<u>Services</u>		<u>Service</u>		<u>Funds</u>		Total
\$	2,118,450	\$	292,410	\$	-	\$	14,508,571
	== 000		-		<u>.</u>		120,038
	55,862		89,682		18,139		8,329,812
	575		-		6 007		71,096
	-		1,215		6,887 57		764,731
	1,973		7,210		-		297,802 375,060
	2,176,860		383,307		25,083		24,467,110
	2,110,000				20,000		24,407,110
	73,817		-		_		6,513,998
	-		-		_		1,301,073
	-		-		-		5,012,235
	453,526		`-		-		1,538,878
	50,500		-		_		4,326,614
	-		-		4,462		9 7 7,838
			700.044		-		3,255,349
	<u>.</u>		702,244		-		702,244
	E77 042		702.044		4.400		1,264,333
	577,843		702,244		4,462		24,892,562
	1,599,017		(318,937)		20,621		/40E 4E0\
	1,000,011		(010,001)		20,021		(425,452)
	•		_		_		1,500
	-		-		<u>-</u>		100,960
	_		1,855,000		_		1,855,000
	-		-		-		2,137,697
	(1,487,300)		(432,938)		-		(2,137,697)
	(1,487,300)		1,422,062		-		1,957,460
			4 400 400				
	111,717		1,103,125		20,621		1,532,008
	105,904		1 000 026		E6 064		7 440 570
	100,304		1,998,836	•	<u>56,261</u>		7,143,572
Φ	047 604	ሱ	2 404 004	ďh	70.000	Φ.	0.000
\$	217,621	\$	3,101,961	\$	76,882	\$	8,675,580

RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012

NET CHANGE IN FUND	BALANCES - TOTA	L GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

1,532,008

AMOUNTS REPORTED FOR GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES IN THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES ARE DIFFERENT BECAUSE:

Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures while governmental activities report depreciation expense to allocate those expenditures over the life of the assets. Depreciation expense and loss on disposal of capital assets exceeded capital expenditures in the current year as follows:

Expenditures for capital assets	\$ 1,774,896	
Capital assets contributed by the Iowa Department of Revenue and others	235,525	
Loss on disposal of capital assets	(23,399)	
Depreciation expense	(2,455,131)	(468,109)

Because some revenues will not be collected for several months after the County's year end, they are not considered available revenues and are deferred or not recorded in the governmental funds, as follows:

Property tax	72,216	
Other	(413,805)	(341,589)

Proceeds from issuing long term liabilities provide current financial resources to the governmental funds, but issuing debt increases long-term liabilities in the Statement of Net Assets. Repayment of long-term liabilities is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the Statement of Net Assets. Current year debt proceeds and repayments are as follows:

Proceeds	(1,955,960)	
Repaid	677,338	(1,278,622)

Some expenses reported in the Statement of Activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds, as follows:

Early retirement	17,491	
Interest on long-term debt	(959)	
Compensated absences	(29,931)	
Net OPEB liability	(13,306)	(26,705)

CHANGE IN NET ASSETS OF GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES \$ __(583,017)

STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY ASSETS AND LIABILITIES AGENCY FUNDS JUNE 30, 2012

ASSETS

Cash and pooled investments:			
County Treasurer		\$ 2,9	27,424
Other County officials		•	07,230
Receivables:			,
Accounts receivable			20,279
Accrued interest			6
Property tax receivable:			
Delinquent		1	62,366
Succeeding year			04,029
Due to other governments			17,761
Total assets			39,095
LIABILITIES			
Accounts payable			13,041
Due to other governments			66,169
Compensated absences			46,689
Trusts payable			13,196
Total liabilities			39,095
			20,000
	NET ASSETS	\$	
	MEIVOOFIO	Ψ	-

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

JUNE 30, 2012

NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Des Moines County, Iowa is a political subdivision of the State of Iowa and operates under the Home Rule provisions of the Constitution of Iowa. The County operates under the Board of Supervisors form of government. Elections are on a partisan basis. Other elected officials operate independently with the Board of Supervisors. These officials are the Auditor, Treasurer, Recorder, Sheriff, Assessor and Attorney. The County provides numerous services to citizens, including law enforcement, health and social services, parks and cultural activities, planning and zoning, roadway construction and maintenance and general administrative services.

The County's financial statements are prepared in conformity with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles as prescribed by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board.

A. Reporting Entity

For financial reporting purposes, Des Moines County, Iowa has included all funds, organizations, agencies, boards, commissions and authorities. The County has also considered all potential component units for which it is financially accountable and other organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the County are such that exclusion would cause the County's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board has set forth criteria to be considered in determining financial accountability. These criteria include appointing a voting majority of the organization's governing body and (1) the ability of the County to impose its will on that organization or (2) the potential for the organization to provide specific benefits to or impose specific financial burdens on the County. The County has no component units which meet the Governmental Accounting Standards Board criteria.

<u>Jointly Governed Organizations</u> — The County also participates in several jointly governed organizations that provide goods or services to the citizenry of the County but do not meet the criteria of a joint venture since there is no ongoing financial interest or responsibility by the participating governments. The County Board of Supervisors are members of or appoint representatives to the following boards and commissions: Des Moines County Assessor's Conference Board, Des Moines County Emergency Management Commission and Des Moines County Joint E911 Service Board. Financial transactions of these organizations are included in the County's financial statements only to the extent of the County's fiduciary relationship with the organization and, as such, are reported in the Agency Funds of the County.

The County also participates in the Des Moines County/City of Burlington Health Care Plan (Plan). The Plan was developed as the result of a 28E agreement between Des Moines County, Iowa and the City of Burlington, Iowa.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

JUNE 30, 2012

NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

B. Basis of Presentation

Government-wide Financial Statements – The Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the County and its component units. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. Governmental activities are supported by property tax, intergovernmental revenues and other nonexchange transactions.

The Statement of Net Assets presents the County's nonfiduciary assets and liabilities, with the difference reported as net assets. Net assets are reported in three categories.

Invested in capital assets, net of related debt consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation/amortization and reduced by outstanding balances for bonds, notes and other debt attributable to the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets.

Restricted net assets result when constraints placed on net asset use are either externally imposed or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

Unrestricted net assets consist of net assets not meeting the definition of the two preceding categories. Unrestricted net assets often have constraints on resources imposed by management which can be removed or modified.

The Statement of Activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those clearly identifiable with a specific function. Program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use or directly benefit from goods, services or privileges provided by a given function and 2) grants, contributions and interest restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function. Property tax and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

<u>Fund Financial Statements</u> – Separate financial statements are provided for governmental and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements. All remaining governmental funds are aggregated and reported as nonmajor governmental funds.

The County reports the following major governmental funds:

The General Fund is the general operating fund of the County. All general tax revenues and other revenues not allocated by law or contractual agreement to some other fund are accounted for in this fund. From the fund are paid the general operating expenditures, the fixed charges and the capital improvement costs that are not paid from other funds.

Special Revenue

The Mental Health Fund is used to account for property tax and other revenues designated to be used to fund mental health, mental retardation, and developmental disabilities services.

The Rural Services Fund is used to account for property tax and other revenues to provide services which are primarily intended to benefit those persons residing in the county outside of incorporated city areas.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

JUNE 30, 2012

NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

B. Basis of Presentation (Continued)

The Secondary Roads Fund is used to account for the road use tax allocation from the State of lowa, required transfers from the General and the Special Revenue, Rural Services Funds and other revenues to be used for secondary road construction and maintenance.

The Debt Service Fund is utilized to account for property tax and other revenues to be used for the payment of interest and principal on the County's general long-term debt.

Fiduciary Funds

Agency funds are used to account for assets held by the County as an agent for individuals, private organizations, certain jointly governed organizations, other governmental units and/or other funds.

C. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

The government-wide and fiduciary fund financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property tax is recognized as revenue in the year for which it is levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been satisfied.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current year or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current year. For this purpose, the County considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days after year end.

Property tax, intergovernmental revenues (shared revenues, grants and reimbursements from other governments) and interest are considered to be susceptible to accrual. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the County.

Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, principal and interest on long-term debt, claims and judgments and compensated absences are recorded as expenditures only when payment is due. Capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Proceeds of general long-term debt and acquisitions under capital leases are reported as other financing sources.

Under the terms of grant agreements, the County funds certain programs by a combination of specific cost-reimbursement grants, categorical block grants and general revenues. Thus, when program expenses are incurred, there are both restricted and unrestricted net assets available to finance the program. It is the County's policy to first apply cost-reimbursements grant resources to such programs, followed by categorical block grants, and then by general revenues.

When an expenditure is incurred in governmental funds which can be paid using either restricted or unrestricted resources, the County's policy is to pay the expenditure from restricted fund balance and then from less-restrictive classifications – committed, assigned and then unassigned fund balances.

The County maintains its financial records on the cash basis. The financial statements of the County are prepared by making memorandum adjusting entries to the cash basis financial records.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

JUNE 30, 2012

NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

D. Assets, Liabilities and Fund Equity

The following accounting policies are followed in preparing the financial statements:

<u>Cash, Pooled Investments and Cash Equivalents</u> – The cash balances of most County funds are pooled and invested. Interest earned on investments is recorded in the General Fund, unless otherwise provided by law. Investments are stated at fair value except for the investment in the lowa Public Agency Investment Trust which is valued at amortized cost and non-negotiable certificates of deposit which are stated at cost.

<u>Property Tax Receivable</u> – Property tax in governmental funds is accounted for using the modified accrual basis of accounting.

Property tax receivable is recognized in these funds on the levy or lien date, which is the date the tax asking is certified by the County Board of Supervisors. Delinquent property tax receivable represents unpaid taxes for the current and prior years. The succeeding year property tax receivable represents taxes certified by the Board of Supervisors to be collected in the next fiscal year for the purposes set out in the budget for the next fiscal year. By statute, the Board of Supervisors is required to certify its budget in March of each year for the subsequent fiscal year. However, by statute, the tax asking and budget certification for the following fiscal year becomes effective on the first day of that year. Although the succeeding year property tax receivable has been recorded, the related revenue is deferred in both the government-wide and fund financial statements and will not be recognized as revenue until the year for which it is levied.

Property tax revenue recognized in these funds becomes due and collectible in September and March of the fiscal year with a 1.5% per month penalty for delinquent payments; is based on January 1, 2010 assessed property valuations; is for the tax payable period July 1, 2011 through June 30, 2012 and reflects the tax asking contained in the budget certified by the County Board of Supervisors in March, 2011.

<u>Interest and Penalty on Property Tax</u> – Interest and penalty on property tax represents the amount of interest and penalty that was due and payable but has not been collected.

<u>Due from Other Governments</u> – Due from other governments represents amounts due from the State of Iowa, various shared revenues, grants and reimbursements from other governments.

<u>Inventories</u> – Inventories are valued at cost using the first-in, first-out method. Inventories consist of expendable supplies held for consumption. Inventories of governmental funds are recorded as expenditures when consumed rather than when purchased.

<u>Capital Assets</u> – Capital assets, which include property, equipment and vehicles, intangibles and infrastructure assets acquired after July 1, 1980 (e.g., roads, bridges, curbs, gutters, sidewalks, and similar items which are immovable and of value only to the County), are reported in the governmental activities column in the government-wide Statement of Net Assets. Capital assets are recorded at historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair value at the date of donation. The costs of normal maintenance and repair that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend asset lives are not capitalized. Reportable capital assets are defined by the County as assets with initial, individual costs in excess of the following thresholds and estimated useful lives in excess of two years.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

JUNE 30, 2012

NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

D. Assets, Liabilities and Fund Equity (Continued)

Asset Class	<u>Amount</u>
Infrastructure Land, buildings and improvements Intangibles Equipment and vehicles	\$ 50,000 5,000 50,000 5,000

Capital assets of the County are depreciated/amortized using the straight line method over the following estimated useful lives:

<u>Asset Class</u>	Estimated Useful lives <u>(In Years)</u>
Infrastructure	10-65
Buildings Building improvements	20-50 20-50
Intangibles	3-20
Equipment	3-20
Vehicles	5-15

<u>Due to Other Governments</u> – Due to other governments represents taxes and other revenues collected by the County and payments for services which will be remitted to other governments.

<u>Trusts Payable</u> – Trusts payable represents amounts due to others which are held by various County officials in fiduciary capacities until the underlying legal matters are resolved.

<u>Deferred Revenue</u> – Although certain revenues are measurable, they are not available. Available means collected within the current year or expected to be collected soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current year. Deferred revenue in the governmental fund financial statements represent the amount of assets that have been recognized, but the related revenue has not been recognized since the assets are not collected within the current year or expected to be collected soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current year. Deferred revenue consists of property tax receivable not collected within 60 days after year end.

Deferred revenue in the Statement of Net Assets consists of succeeding year property tax receivable that will not be recognized as revenue until the year for which it is levied.

Compensated Absences – County employees accumulate a limited amount of earned but unused vacation and sick leave hours for subsequent use or for payment upon termination, death or retirement. A liability is recorded when incurred in the government-wide and fiduciary fund financial statements. A liability for these amounts is reported in governmental fund financial statements only for employees who have resigned or retired. The compensated absences liability has been computed based on rates of pay in effect at June 30, 2012. The compensated absences liability attributable to the governmental activities will be paid primarily by the General, Mental Health, Rural Services and Secondary Roads Funds.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

JUNE 30, 2012

NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

D. Assets, Liabilities and Fund Equity (Continued)

<u>Long-term Liabilities</u> – In the government-wide financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities or proprietary fund Statement of Net Assets. Bond issuance costs are reported as deferred charges and amortized over the term of the related debt.

In the governmental fund financial statements, the face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

<u>Fund Equity</u> – In the governmental fund financial statements, fund balances are classified as follows:

<u>Nonspendable</u> – Amounts which cannot be spent because they are in a nonspendable form or because they are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

Restricted – Amounts restricted to specific purposes when constraints placed on the use of the resources are either externally imposed by creditors, grantors or state or federal laws or are imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

<u>Committed</u> – Amounts which can be used only for specific purposes pursuant to constraints formally imposed by the Board of Supervisors through ordinance or resolution approved prior to year end. Committed amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the Board of Supervisors removes or changes the specified use by taking the same action it employed to commit those amounts.

Assigned – Amounts the Board of Supervisors intend to use for specific purposes.

Unassigned - All amounts not included in other classifications.

E. Budgets and Budgetary Accounting

The budgetary comparison and related disclosures are reported as Required Supplementary Information. During the year ended June 30, 2012, disbursements exceeded the amount budgeted in the capital projects function.

F. Use of Estimates

Management uses estimates and assumptions in preparing financial statements. Those estimates and assumptions affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities, the disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities, and the reported revenues and expenses. Accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates.

NOTE 2: CASH AND POOLED INVESTMENTS

The County's deposits in banks at June 30, 2012 were entirely covered by federal depository insurance or by the State Sinking Fund in accordance with Chapter 12C of the Code of lowa. This chapter provides for additional assessments against the depositories to insure there will be no loss of public funds.

The County is authorized by statute to invest public funds in obligations of the United States government, its agencies and instrumentalities; certificates of deposit or other evidences of deposit at federally insured depository institutions approved by the Board of Supervisors; prime eligible bankers acceptances; certain high rated commercial paper; perfected repurchase agreements; certain registered open-end management investment companies; certain joint investment trusts; and warrants or improvement certificates of a drainage district.

Investments are stated at fair value. Securities traded on a national or international exchange are valued at the last reported sales price at current exchange rates.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

JUNE 30, 2012

NOTE 2: CASH AND POOLED INVESTMENTS (Continued)

At June 30, 2012, the County (held in escow by Bankers Trust) had the following investments:

 Type
 Fair Value
 Year ended, June 30, 2013

 U.S. Treasury Notes
 \$ 1,399,344
 \$1,399,344

The County had investments in the Iowa Public Agency Investment Trust which are valued at an amortized cost of \$192,731 pursuant to Rule 2a-7 under the Investment Company Act of 1940.

<u>Interest rate risk</u> – The County's investment policy limits the investment of operating funds (funds expected to be expended in the current budget year or within 15 months of receipt) to instruments that mature within 397 days. Funds not identified as operating funds may be invested in investments with maturities longer than 397 days but the maturities shall be consistent with the needs and use of the County.

Concentration of credit risk and custodial credit risk – The County places no limit on the amount that may be invested in any one issuer.

NOTE 3: INTERFUND TRANSFERS

The detail of interfund transfers for the year ended June 30, 2012 is as follows:

<u>Transfer to</u>	<u>Amount</u>	Transfer from	<u>Amount</u>
Secondary Roads	\$ <u>1,704,759</u>	General Fund Rural Services	\$ 217,459 1,487,300 1,704,759
General Fund	432,938 \$ <u>2,137,697</u>	Debt Service Fund	\$ <u>432,938</u> <u>2,137,697</u>

Transfers generally move resources from the fund statutorily required to collect the resources to the fund statutorily required to expend the resources.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

JUNE 30, 2012

NOTE 4: CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital assets activity for the year ended June 30, 2012 was as follows:

	Balance Beginning <u>of Year</u>	ļ	<u>Increases</u>	ļ	<u>Decreases</u>	Balance End of Year
Governmental activities: Capital assets not being depreciated/amortized: Land Intangibles, road network Intangibles, other Construction in progress Construction in progress, road network Total capital assets not being depreciated/amortized	\$ 4,616,813 141,633 7,418 246,153 1,998,752 7,010,769	\$	321,335 720,694 1,042,029	\$	1,499,893 1,499,893	\$ 4,616,813 141,633 7,418 567,488 1,219,553 6,552,905
Capital assets being depreciated/ amortized: Buildings Improvements other than buildings Equipment and vehicles Intangibles, other Infrastructure, road network Infrastructure, other Total capital assets being depreciated/amortized	7,368,118 2,267,957 8,804,701 214,706 35,271,830 2,521,225 56,448,537		54,431 913,961 - 1,499,893 - - 2,468,285		401,348 - - - - - 401,348	7,368,118 2,322,388 9,317,314 214,706 36,771,723 2,521,225 58,515,474
Less accumulated depreciation/ amortization for: Buildings Improvements other than buildings Equipment and vehicles Intangibles, other Infrastructure, road network Infrastructure, other Total accumulated depreciation/ amortization Total capital assets being	3,005,689 1,246,574 6,267,239 128,501 17,611,239 132,845 28,392,087		246,942 62,506 663,382 21,551 1,410,325 50,425 2,455,131		377,949 377,949	3,252,631 1,309,080 6,552,672 150,052 19,021,564 183,270 30,469,269
depreciated/amortized, net	<u>28,056,450</u>		13,154		23,399	<u>28,046,205</u>
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$ 35,067,219	\$	<u>1,055,183</u>	\$	<u>1,523,292</u>	\$ <u>34,599,110</u>

Depreciation/amortization expense was charged to the following functions:

Governmental activities:	
Public safety and legal services	\$ 200,062
Physical health and social services	10,620
Mental health	107,581
County environment and education	149,085
Roads and transportation	1,841,340
Administration	<u> 146,443</u>
Total depreciation/amortization expense –	
governmental activities	\$ 2,455,131

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

JUNE 30, 2012

NOTE 5: DUE TO OTHER GOVERNMENTS

The County purchases services from other governmental units and also acts as a fee and tax collection agent for various governmental units. Tax collections are remitted to those governments in the month following collection. A summary of amounts due to other governments is as follows:

<u>Fund</u>	<u>Description</u>	<u>Amount</u>
General	Services	\$ 11,440
Special Revenue: Mental Health Total for governmental funds	Services	\$ 982,987 994,427
Agency: Schools Corporations Community colleges Auto license and use tax County assessor Townships Agricultural extension education All other	Collections	\$ 21,275,747 16,334,512 1,361,932 847,783 1,819,739 288,235 243,145 395,076
Total for agency funds		\$ 42,566,169

NOTE 6: LONG-TERM LIABILITIES

A summary of changes in long-term liabilities for the year ended June 30, 2012 is as follows:

	General Obligation Capital Loan Notes	Capital <u>Leases</u>	installment Purchases	Compensated Absences	Net OPEB Liability	Re	Early etirement	<u>Total</u>
Balance beginning of year	\$ 2,835,000	\$ 35,525	\$ 66,758	\$ 789,228	\$ 43,224	\$	124,386	\$ 3,894,121
Increases Decreases	1,855,000 <u>(575,000</u>)	100,960 <u>(35,580</u>)	(66,7 <u>58</u>)	819,159 <u>(789,228</u>)	13,306		- <u>(17,491</u>)	2,788,425 (1,484,057)
Balance end of year	\$ <u>4,115,000</u>	\$ <u>100,905</u>	\$ <u> </u>	\$ 819,159	\$ <u>56,530</u>		106,895	\$ 5,198,489
Due within one year	\$ _650,000	\$ <u>_40,251</u>	\$ 	\$ <u>408,561</u>	\$ 	\$	<u> 18,365</u>	\$ 1,117,177

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

JUNE 30, 2012

NOTE 6: LONG-TERM LIABILITIES (Continued)

A summary of the County's June 30, 2012 general obligation capital loan note indebtedness is as follows:

V	<u>Series 2007</u> Issued October 1, 2007						<u>Series 2009</u> Issued June 15, 2009							<u>Series 2011A</u> Issued October 18, 2011					
Year Ending <u>June 30,</u>	Intere Rate			<u>Principal</u>	ļ	nterest		erest ate	<u> </u>	⊃rjr	ncipal	<u>In</u>	terest	Inter <u>Rat</u>			<u>Principal</u>	Ţ	nterest
2013 2014 2015 2016 2017 2018 2019	3.95 4.00 4.05 4.10 4.15	%	\$	310,000 325,000 335,000 350,000 365,000	\$	68,310 56,065 43,065 29,498 15,147	3.0 3.0		\$		285,000	\$	17,250 8,700 - - -	2.00 2.00 2.00 1.45	%	\$	345,000 350,000 355,000 365,000	\$	26,293 19,393 12,392 5,292
			\$	<u>1,685,000</u>	\$	<u>212,085</u>			\$	5	575,000	\$	<u>25,950</u>			\$	<u>1,415,000</u>	\$	<u>63,370</u>
Year	·-··		lss	<u>Series 2012</u> ued June 1, 20	12		-			<u>Tc</u>	<u>otal</u>								
Ending June 30,	intere Rate			Principal		Interest		<u>Princi</u>	oal		<u>Inte</u>	erest							
2013 2014 2015 2016 2017 2018 2019	0.70 0.80 1.05 1.25 1.50 1.80 2.10	%	\$	55,000 60,000 65,000 65,000 65,000 65,000	\$	5,381 5,485 5,005 4,323 3,510 2,535 1,365	\$	1,00 75 71 75	50,00 20,00 50,00 70,00 95,00 35,00	00 00 00 00	\$	90,941 96,543 67,463 46,213 23,949 2,535 1,365	i i i						
			\$	440,000	\$	27,604	\$	4.1	15.00	20	\$	329.009	•						

During the year ended June 30, 2012, the County issued \$1,855,000 and retired \$575,000 of general obligation capital loan notes.

On October 18, 2011, the County issued \$1,415,000 of General Obligation Crossover Refunding Capital Loan Notes, Series 2011A to advance refund the General Obligation Capital Loan Notes, Series 2007. The bonds are due in varying annual installments each June 1, from June 1, 2014 through June 1, 2017, with an interest rate ranging from 1.45% to 2.00% due semiannually on June 1 and December 1. The County reduced its total debt services payments by \$43,854 and obtained an economic gain (difference between the present value of the debt service payments of the old and new debt) of \$42,298. Future property tax levies are dedicated to the retirement of these notes. The refunding notes' proceeds will be maintained in escrow until June 1, 2013 when the refunded notes are called.

The Des Moines County Regional Solid Waste Commission has agreed to pay the County for the principal and interest on the Series 2007 capital loan notes as they become due. The County reports a loan receivable in the Debt Service Fund equal to the principal outstanding on these general obligation capital loan notes.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

JUNE 30, 2012

NOTE 6: LONG-TERM LIABILITIES (Continued)

Capital Lease Purchase Agreements

The County has entered into two capital lease purchase agreements to lease a telephone system and a data storage system. The following is a schedule of the future minimum lease payments, including interest at 12.516% and 5.389% per annum, respectively and the present value of net minimum lease payments under the agreements in effect at June 30, 2012:

Year Ended	
<u>June 30,</u>	
2013	\$ 46,581
2014	46,581
2015	13,252
2016	5,978
Total minimum lease payments	112,392
Less amount representing interest	<u>(11,487</u>)
Present value of net minimum lease payments	\$ 100,905

Payments under capital lease purchase agreements totaled \$40,521 for the year ended June 30, 2012.

NOTE 7: PENSION AND RETIREMENT BENEFITS

The County contributes to the Iowa Public Employees Retirement System (IPERS), which is a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by the State of Iowa. IPERS provides retirement and death benefits which are established by state statute to plan members and beneficiaries. IPERS issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. The report may be obtained by writing to IPERS, P.O. Box 9117, Des Moines, Iowa, 50306-9117.

Most regular plan members are required to contribute 5.38% of their annual covered salary and the County is required to contribute 8.07% of covered salary. Certain employees in special risk occupations and the County contribute an actuarially determined contribution rate. Contribution requirements are established by state statute. The County's contributions to IPERS for the years ended June 30, 2012, 2011 and 2010 were \$679,686, \$605,390 and \$548,921, respectively, equal to the required contributions for each year.

NOTE 8: RISK MANAGEMENT

Des Moines County, Iowa is a member in the Iowa Communities Assurance Pool, as allowed by Chapter 331.301 of the Code of Iowa. The Iowa Communities Assurance Pool (Pool) is a local government risk-sharing pool whose 663 members include various governmental entities throughout the State of Iowa. The Pool was formed in August 1986 for the purpose of managing and funding third-party liability claims against its members. The Pool provides coverage and protection in the following categories: general liability, automobile liability, automobile physical damage, public officials liability, police professional liability, property, inland marine and boiler/machinery. There have been no reductions in insurance coverage from prior years.

Each member's annual casualty contributions to the Pool fund current operations and provide capital. Annual operating contributions are those amounts necessary to fund, on a cash basis, the Pool's general and administrative expenses, claims, claims expenses and reinsurance expenses due and payable in the current year, plus all or any portion of any deficiency in capital. Capital contributions are made during the first six years of membership and are maintained to equal 150 percent of the total current members' basis rates or to comply with the requirements of any applicable regulatory authority having jurisdiction over the Pool.

The Pool also provides property coverage. Members who elect such coverage make annual operating contributions which are necessary to fund, on a cash basis, the Pool's general and administrative expenses and reinsurance premiums, all of which are due and payable in the current year, plus all or any portion of any deficiency in capital. Any year-end operating surplus is transferred to capital. Deficiencies in operations are offset by transfers from capital and, if insufficient, by the subsequent year's member contributions.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

JUNE 30, 2012

NOTE 8: RISK MANAGEMENT (Continued)

The County's property and casualty contributions to the risk pool are recorded as expenditures from its operating funds at the time of payment to the risk pool. The County's annual contributions to the Pool for the year ended June 30, 2012 were \$224,485.

The Pool uses reinsurance and excess risk-sharing agreements to reduce its exposure to large losses. The Pool retains general, automobile, police professional, and public officials' liability risks up to \$350,000 per claim. Claims exceeding \$350,000 are reinsured in an amount not to exceed \$2,650,000 per claim. For members requiring specific coverage from \$3,000,000 to \$12,000,000, such excess coverage is also reinsured. Property and automobile physical damage risks are retained by the Pool up to \$150,000 each occurrence, each location, with excess coverage reinsured by the Travelers Insurance Company.

The Pool's intergovernmental contract with its members provides that in the event a casualty claim or series of claims exceeds the amount of risk-sharing protection provided by the member's risk-sharing certificate, or in the event that a series of casualty claims exhausts total members' equity plus any reinsurance and any excess risk-sharing recoveries, then payment of such claims shall be the obligation of the respective individual member. The County does not report a liability for losses in excess of reinsurance or excess risk-sharing recoveries unless it is deemed probable that such losses have occurred and the amount of such loss can be reasonably estimated. Accordingly, at June 30, 2012, no liability has been recorded in the County's financial statements. As of June 30, 2012, settled claims have not exceeded the risk pool or reinsurance coverage since the pool's inception.

Members agree to continue membership in the Pool for a period of not less than one full year. After such period, a member who has given 60 days prior written notice may withdraw from the Pool. Upon withdrawal, payments for all casualty claims and claim expenses become the sole responsibility of the withdrawing member, regardless of whether a claim was incurred or reported prior to the member's withdrawal. Members withdrawing within the first six years of membership may receive a partial refund of their casualty capital contributions. If a member withdraws after the sixth year, the member is refunded 100 percent of its casualty capital contributions. However, the refund is reduced by an amount equal to the annual casualty operating contribution which the withdrawing member would have made for the one-year period following withdrawal.

The County also carries commercial insurance purchased from other insurers for coverage associated with workers compensation and employee blanket bond in the amount of \$500,000 and \$100,000, respectively. The County assumes liability for any deductibles and claims in excess of coverage limitations. Settled claims resulting from these risks have not exceeded commercial insurance coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

NOTE 9: OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB)

<u>Plan Description</u> – The County operates a single-employer health benefit plan which provides medical/prescription drug benefits for employees and retirees and their spouses. There are 151 active and 8 retired members in the plan. Retired participants must be age 55 or older at retirement.

The medical/prescription drug benefits, which is a partially self-funded medical plan, is administered by Employee Benefits Systems. The dental benefit is administered by Delta Dental of lowa. Retirees under age 65 pay the same premium for the medical/prescription drug benefits as active employees, which results in an implicit subsidy and an OPEB liability.

<u>Funding Policy</u> – The contribution requirements of plan members are established and may be amended by the County. The County currently finances the retiree benefit plan on a pay-as-you-go basis.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

JUNE 30, 2012

NOTE 9: OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB) (Continued)

Annual OPEB Cost and Net OPEB Obligation – The County's annual OPEB cost is calculated based on the annual required contribution (ARC) of the County, an amount actuarially determined in accordance with GASB Statement No. 45. The ARC represents a level of funding that, if paid on an ongoing basis, is projected to cover normal cost each year and amortize any unfunded actuarial liabilities over a period not to exceed 30 years.

The following table shows the components of the County's annual OPEB cost for the year ended June 30, 2012, the amount actually contributed to the plan and changes in the County's net OPEB obligation:

Annual required contribution Interest on net OPEB obligation Adjustment to annual required contribution	\$ 50,233 545 <u>(1,740</u>)
Annual OPEB cost Contributions made	49,038 (35,732)
Increase in net OPEB cost Net OPEB obligation beginning of year	13,306 <u>43,224</u>
Net OPEB obligation end of year	\$ <u>56,530</u>

For calculation of the net OPEB obligation, the actuary has set the transition day as July 1, 2008. The end of year net OPEB obligation was calculated by the actuary as the cumulative difference between the actuarially determined funding requirements and the actual contributions for the year ended June 30, 2012.

For the year ended June 30, 2012, the County contributed \$35,732 to the medical plan. Plan members eligible for benefits contributed \$39,820 or 52.7% of the premium costs.

The County's Annual OPEB cost, the percentage of annual OPEB cost contributed to the plan and the net OPEB obligation as of June 30, 2012 are summarized as follows:

Year Ended June 30,	Annual <u>OPEB Cost</u>	Percentage of Annual OPEB Cost Contributed	C	Net OPEB Obligation
2010 2011 2012	\$ <u>38,905</u> \$ <u>38,300</u> \$ <u>49,038</u>	69.0% 62.7% 72.9%	\$ \$	28,944 43,244 56,530

Funded Status and Funding Progress – As of July 1, 2011, the most recent actuarial valuation date for the period July 1, 2011 through June 30, 2012, the actuarial accrued liability was \$593,301 with no actuarial value of assets, resulting in an unfunded actuarial accrued liability (UAAL) of \$593,301. The covered payroll (annual payroll of active employees covered by the plan) was approximately \$7,658,393 and the ratio of the UAAL to covered payroll was 7.75%. As of June 30, 2012, there were no trust fund assets.

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions — Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future. Examples include assumption about future employment, mortality and the health care cost trend. Actuarially determined amounts are subject to continual revision as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future. The Schedule of Funding Progress for the Retiree Health Plan, presented as Other Information in the section following the Notes to Financial Statements, presents multiyear trend information about whether the actuarial value of plan assets is increasing or decreasing over time relative to the actuarial accrued liabilities for benefits.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

JUNE 30, 2012

NOTE 9: OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB) (Continued)

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the plan as understood by the employer and the plan members and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing of benefit costs between the employer and plan members to that point. The actuarial methods and assumptions used include techniques that are designed to reduce the effects of short-term volatility in actuarial accrued liabilities and the actuarial value of assets, consistent with the long-term perspective of the calculations.

As of the July 1, 2011 actuarial valuation date, the projected unit credit actuarial cost method was used. The actuarial assumptions include a 1.25% discount rate based on the County's funding policy. The projected annual medical trend rate is 7%. The ultimate medical trend rate is 4%. The medical trend rate is reduced 1% each year until reaching the 5% ultimate trend rate. An inflation rate of 0% is assumed for the purpose of this computation.

Mortality rates are from the RP2000 Group Annuity Mortality Table, applied on a gender-specific basis. Termination rates used in the actuarial valuation are based upon national termination studies performed by the Society of Actuaries. They were adjusted to reflect the recent lower termination rates experienced by Des Moines County. Retirement rates used in the actuarial valuation were developed based upon recent Des Moines County experience.

Projected claim costs of the medical plan are \$469 (\$1,215 for retiree and spouse coverage) per month for retirees less than age 65. The salary increase rate was assumed to be 0% per year. The UAAL is being amortized as a level dollar amount over 30 years.

NOTE 10: EMPLOYEE HEALTH INSURANCE PLAN

The County, in conjunction with the City of Burlington, the Southeast Iowa Regional Airport Authority (SIRAA) and other organizations, entered into an agreement as authorized by Chapter 28E of the Code of Iowa for health insurance which is funded through employer and employee contributions. The County, the City, SIRAA and the other participating organizations are contingently liable with respect to medical claims made by the participants in the plan. The plan is partially self insured. Claims based on occurrences prior to July 1, 1983 remain insured under previous insurance policies. All claims handling procedures are performed by an independent claims administrator. Settled claims have not exceeded the plan coverage during any of the past three years.

The unaudited cash balance of the Des Moines County/City of Burlington Health Care Plan was \$166,363 at June 30, 2012. The plan had unaudited claims expense, after reinsurance reimbursement, of \$6,019,528 for the plan year ended June 30, 2012.

NOTE 11: RECLASSIFICATIONS

Certain amounts for the year ended June 30, 2011 and before have been reclassified to conform to June 30, 2012 presentation.

NOTE 12: SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

Subsequent events have been evaluated through March 26, 2013, the date the financial statements were available to be issued.

OTHER INFORMATION

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE OF RECEIPTS, DISBURSEMENTS AND CHANGES IN BALANCES BUDGET AND ACTUAL (CASH BASIS) - ALL GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS OTHER INFORMATION YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012

	(Governmental Fund Types		Budgete	Δ ha	.mounts	Final to Actual Variance - Positive
		Actual	•	Original	, G 1	Final	(Negative)
RECEIPTS:							Y. T. ST. T. T.
Property and other County tax	\$.	14,438,489	\$	14,411,483	\$	14,411,483	\$ 27,006
Interest and penalty on property tax		126,874		142,900		142,900	(16,026)
Intergovernmental		9,402,430		6,380,967		6,380,967	3,021,463
Licenses and permits		71,222		46,540		46,540	24,682
Charges for service		895,515		1,002,700		1,002,700	(107,185)
Use of money and property		145,735		205,035		205,035	(59,300)
Miscellaneous		448,251		329,150		329,150	<u>119,101</u>
Total receipts		25,528,516		22,518,775		22,518,775	3,009,741
DISBURSEMENTS:							
Public safety and legal services		6,513,829		6,359,144		6,855,644	341,815
Physical health and social services		1,324,918		1,803,827		1,803,827	478,909
Mental health		4,903,365		4,555,691		5,500,001	596,636
County environment and education		1,561,153		1,617,056		1,617,056	55,903
Roads and transportation		4,649,931		5,270,544		5,355,544	705,613
Governmental services to residents		999,017		1,070,886		1,070,886	71,869
Administration		3,205,160		3,548,666		3,548,666	343,506
Debt Service		681,510		681,710		681,710	200
Capital projects		1,859,844		1,183,000		1,483,000	(376,844)
Total disbursements		25,698,727		26,090,524		27,916,334	_2,217,607
Excess (deficiency) of receipts							
over (under) disbursements		(170,211)		(3,571,749)		(5,397,559)	5,227,348
Other financing sources, net		487,637				440,000	47,637
Excess (deficiency) of receipts and other							
financing sources over (under)							
disbursements and other financing uses		317,426		(3,571,749)		(4,957,559)	5,274,985
BALANCE - Beginning of year		5,789,225		5,648,550		5,648,550	140,675
BALANCE - End of year	\$	6,106,651	\$	2,076,801	\$	690,991	\$ 5,415,660

BUDGET TO GAAP RECONCILIATION OTHER INFORMATION YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012

	Governmental Fund Types
	Modified Accrual Accrual <u>Cash Basis</u> <u>Adjustments</u> <u>Basis</u>
Revenues Expenditures	\$ 25,528,516 \$ (1,061,406) \$ 24,467,110 25,698,727 (806,165) 24,892,562
Net Other financing sources (uses) Beginning fund balance	(170,211) (255,241) (425,452) 487,637 1,469,823 1,957,460 5,789,225 1,354,347 7,143,572
Ending fund balance	\$ 6,106,651 \$ 2,568,929 \$ 8,675,580

NOTES TO OTHER INFORMATION - BUDGETARY REPORTING

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012

The budgetary comparison is presented as Other Information in accordance with Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 41 for governments with significant budgetary perspective differences resulting from not being able to present budgetary comparisons for the General Fund and each major Special Revenue Fund.

In accordance with the Code of Iowa, the County Board of Supervisors annually adopts a budget on the cash basis following required public notice and hearing for all funds except Agency Funds, and appropriates the amount deemed necessary for each of the different County offices and departments. The budget may be amended during the year utilizing similar statutorily prescribed procedures. Encumbrances are not recognized on the cash basis budget and appropriations lapse at year end.

Formal and legal budgetary control is based upon ten major classes of expenditures known as functions, not by fund. These ten functions are: public safety and legal services, physical health and social services, mental health, county environment and education, roads and transportation, governmental services to residents, administration, non-program, debt service and capital projects. Function disbursements required to be budgeted include disbursements for the General Fund, the Special Revenue Funds, the Debt Service Fund and the Capital Projects Funds. Although the budget document presents function disbursements by fund, the legal level of control is at the aggregated function level, not by fund. Legal budgetary control is also based upon the appropriation to each office or department. During the year, two budget amendments increased budgeted disbursements by \$1,825,810. These budget amendments are reflected in the final budgeted amounts.

In addition, annual budgets are similarly adopted in accordance with the Code of Iowa by the appropriate governing body as indicated: for the County Extension Office by the County Agricultural Extension Council, for the County Assessor by the County Conference Board, for the E911 System by the Joint E911 Service Board and for Emergency Management Services by the County Emergency Management Commission.

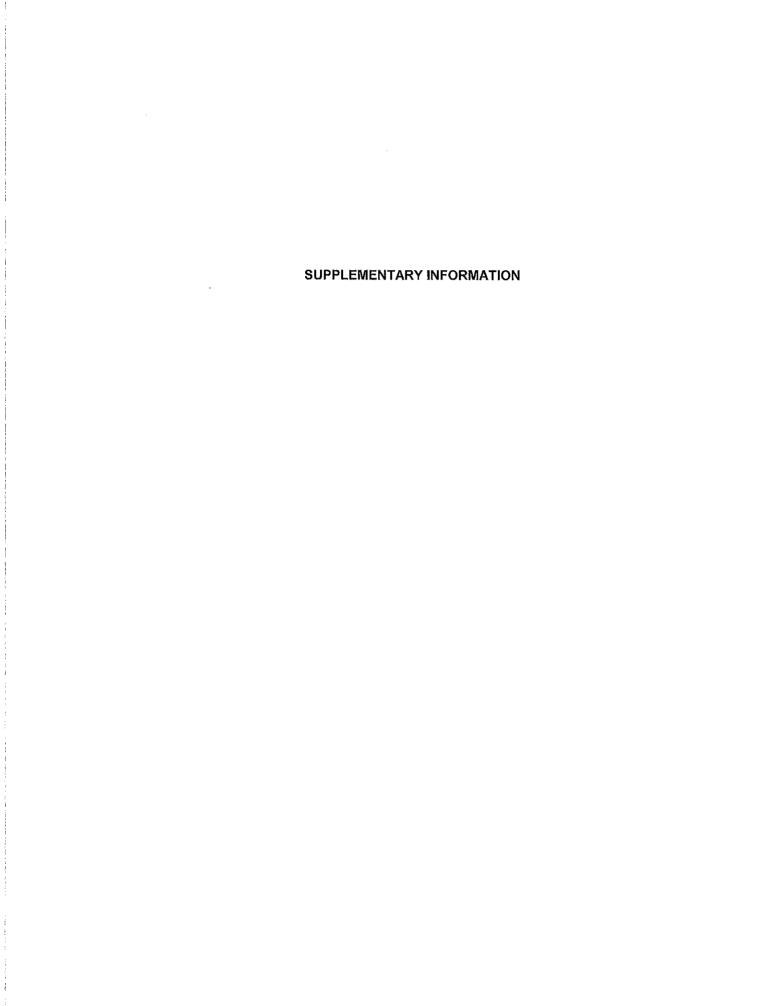
During the year ended June 30, 2012, disbursements exceeded the amounts budgeted in the Capital Projects Function.

SCHEDULE OF FUNDING PROGRESS FOR THE RETIREE HEALTH PLAN

OTHER INFORMATION

Fiscal <u>Year</u>	Actuarial Valuation <u>Date</u>	Actuarial Value of Assets <u>(a)</u>	Actuarial Accrued Liability (AAL) <u>(b)</u>	Unfunded AAL (UAAL) (b-a)	Funded Ratio <u>(a/b)</u>	Covered Payroll <u>(c)</u>	UAAL as a Percentage of Covered Payroll ((b-a)/c)
2010	July 1, 2008	\$	\$ 395,572	\$ 395,572	0.00%	\$ 7,700,000	5.14%
2011	July 1, 2008	\$	\$ 395,572	\$ 395,572	0.00%	\$ _7,900,000	5.01%
2012	July 1, 2011	\$	\$ 593,301	\$ 593,301	0.00%	\$ <u>7,658,393</u>	7.75%

See Note 9 in the accompanying Notes to Financial Statements for the plan description, funding policy, annual OPEB Cost and Net OPEB Obligation, funded status and funding progress.



COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2012

		Special Revenue					
			Resource		County	•	
		En	hancement		Recorder's		
		-	and		Records		
<u>ASSETS</u>		<u> </u>	Protection	Ma	<u>anagement</u>		<u>Total</u>
AGOLTO							
Cash and pooled investments Receivables:		\$	72,630	\$	2,380	\$	75,010
Accounts receivable Accrued interest				_	1,870 		1,870 2
	TOTAL ASSETS	\$	72,632	\$ _	4,250	\$	76,882
LIABILITIES AND FUND	D BALANCES						
LIABILITIES:							
None		\$		\$	_	\$	_
		Ψ		Ψ		Ψ	7
FUND BALANCES: Restricted for:							
Other purposes			72,632		4,250		76,882
Total fund balance		_	72,632	-	4,250		76,882
	TOTAL LIABILITIES						
	AND FUND BALANCES	\$_	72,632	\$	4,250	\$	76,882

COMBINING SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012

	<u>Special Revenue</u>							
•		Resource	County					
	E	Enhancement	Recorder	's				
		and	Records					
DEL/ENLIEG		<u>Protection</u>	Manageme	<u>ent</u>	<u>Total</u>			
REVENUES:								
Intergovernmental	\$	18,139	\$ -	. \$	18,139			
Charges for service			6,887	,	6,887			
Use of money and property		57			57			
Total revenues		18,196	6,887		25,083			
EXPENDITURES:								
Operating:								
Governmental services to residents		_	4,462		4,462			
Total expenditures			4,462	-				
			4,402	-	4,462			
Excess of revenues over								
expenditures		18,196	2,425		20,621			
FUND BALANCES - Beginning of year		54,436	1,825		56,261			
								
FUND BALANCES - End of year	\$	72,632	\$4,250	\$	76,882			

COMBINING SCHEDULE OF FIDUCIARY ASSETS AND LIABILITIES AGENCY FUNDS JUNE 30, 2012

	<u>ASSETS</u>		County Offices	<u>(</u>	Corporations
Cash and pooled investments: County Treasurer Other County officials Receivables: Accounts receivable			\$ 207,230	\$	186,556
Accrued interest Property tax: Delinquent			-		- - 66,265
Succeeding year Due from other governments					16,081,691
	<u>LIABILITIES</u>	TOTAL ASSETS	\$ 207,230	\$	16,334,512
	LIADILITILO				
Accounts payable Due to other governments Compensated absences Trusts payable			\$ 94,034 - 113,196	\$	16,334,512 - -
		TOTAL LIABILITIES	\$ 207,230	\$	16,334,512

Community Colleges	<u>Schools</u>	<u>Townships</u>	
16,439	\$ 263,338	\$ 2,657	\$
-	-	-	
5,521 1,339,972	86,227 20,926,182	1,172 284,406	
1,361,932	\$ 21,275,747	\$ 288,235	\$
1,361,932 - -	\$ 21,275,747	\$ 288,235 - 	\$
1,361,932	\$ 21,275,747	\$ 288,235	\$

COMBINING SCHEDULE OF FIDUCIARY ASSETS AND LIABILITIES AGENCY FUNDS JUNE 30, 2012

	<u>ASSETS</u>			inage and ee Districts	County <u>Assessor</u>
Cash and pooled investments: County Treasurer Other County officials Receivables: Accounts receivable Accrued interest			\$	11,278 - - -	\$ 1,312,468 - - -
Property tax: Delinquent Succeeding year Due from other governments			_	-	2,160 524,084
		TOTAL ASSETS	\$ _	11,278	\$ 1,838,712
	<u>LIABILITIES</u>				
Accounts payable Due to other governments Compensated absences Trusts payable			\$	11,278 - -	\$ 1,680 1,819,739 17,293
		TOTAL LIABILITIES	\$ _	11,278	\$ 1,838,712

Agricultural Extension Education		Auto License and <u>Use Tax</u>		Special <u>Assessments</u>		<u>Other</u>	<u>Total</u>
\$ 2,951 -	\$	847,783	\$	6,355	\$	277,599 -	\$ 2,927,424 207,230
-		-				20,279 6	20,279 6
986 239,208 -	_	-	•	- - -	<u>-</u>	35 8,486 17,761	162,366 39,404,029 17,761
\$ 243,145	\$	847,783	\$	6,355	\$	324,166	\$ 42,739,095
\$ 243,145	\$	847,783	\$	6,355 - -	\$	11,361 283,409 29,396	\$ 13,041 42,566,169 46,689 113,196
\$ 243,145	\$_	847,783	\$	6,355	\$	324,166	\$ 42,739,095

COMBINING SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY ASSETS AND LIABILITIES AGENCY FUNDS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012

ASSETS AND LIABILITIES		County <u>Offices</u>	Corporations
Balances beginning of year	\$ _	149,454	\$ <u>16,656,688</u>
Additions:			
Property and other County tax		-	14,750,844
E911 surcharge		-	· · · -
State tax credits		**	786,043
Assessments		-	**
Office fees and collections		582,642	-
Auto licenses, use tax and postage			u
Trusts		996,161	-
Miscellaneous	_	626	
Total additions	_	1,579,429	15,536,887
Deductions:			
Agency remittances:			
To other funds		238,369	
To other governments		275,202	15,859,063
Trusts paid out		1,008,082	
Total deductions	_	1,521,653	15,859,063
Balances end of year	\$	207,230	\$ 16,334,512

,	<u>Townships</u>	<u>Schools</u>	Community Colleges		
\$	293,781	\$ 21,043,738	\$	1,342,078	
	248,789	19,931,838		1,249,541	
	34,195	1,826,916		111,066	
		-		-	
	_	-			
		-		-	
	282,984	21,758,754		1,360,607	
	-	u.		_	
	288,530	21,526,745		1,340,753	
	288,530	21,526,745		1,340,753	
\$	288,235	\$ 21,275,747	\$	1,361,932	

COMBINING SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY ASSETS AND LIABILITIES AGENCY FUNDS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012

	Drainage and Levee Districts	County <u>Assessor</u>	Agricultural Extension <u>Education</u>
ASSETS AND LIABILITIES			
Balances beginning of year	\$ _5,654,099 \$	1,773,734	\$ 231,289
Additions:			
Property and other County tax	-	529,174	229,817
E911 surcharge	-	-	-
State tax credits		18,599	19,959
Assessments	1,030,330	-	-
Office fees and collections		~	-
Auto licenses, use tax and postage	-	-	-
Trusts	· -	-	-
Miscellaneous	11,323	114	
Total additions	1,041,653	547,887	249,776
Deductions:			
Agency remittances:			
To other funds	-	-	_
To other governments	6,684,474	482,909	237,920
Trusts paid out	<u>-</u> _		
Total deductions	6,684,474	482,909	237,920
Balances end of year	\$11,278 \$	1,838,712	\$243,145

Auto License and <u>Use Tax</u>	Special <u>Assessments</u>	<u>Other</u>	<u>Total</u>
\$ 821,845	\$ 338,727	\$ 277,854	\$ 48,583,287
9,511,394 - - 9,511,394	39,871	7,866 148,981 346 - - 1,268,409 219,735 1,645,337	36,947,869 148,981 2,797,124 1,070,201 582,642 9,511,394 2,264,570 231,798 53,554,579
\$ 302,407 9,183,049 9,485,456 847,783	\$ 372,243 - 372,243 6,355	\$ 330,616 1,268,409 1,599,025 324,166	\$ 540,776 56,581,504 2,276,491 59,398,771 42,739,095

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES BY SOURCE AND EXPENDITURES BY FUNCTION ALL GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE LAST TEN YEARS

REVENUES:	•	2012		2011		2010
Property and other County tax	\$	14,508,571	\$	14,295,704	\$	13,714,359
Interest and penalty on property tax		120,038		164,529		163,033
Intergovernmental		8,329,812		8,618,044		9,556,689
Licenses and permits		71,096		61,673		58,191
Charges for service		764,731		904,936		846,341
Use of money and property		297,802		174,023		185,716
Miscellaneous		375,060	-	468,323	_	370,777
Total	\$	24,467,110	\$,	24,687,232	\$ _	24,895,106
EXPENDITURES:						
Operating:						
Public safety and legal services	\$	6,513,998	\$	6,142,696	\$	5,944,231
Physical health and social services		1,301,073		1,476,490		1,716,480
Mental health		5,012,235		4,479,644		4,146,119
County environment and education		1,538,878		1,524,908		1,029,673
Roads and transportation		4,326,614		4,712,600		4,331,366
Governmental services to residents		977,838		947,329		983,904
Administration		3,255,349		3,213,391		3,416,506
Debt service		702,244		682,120		680,164
Capital projects		1,264,333	-	2,881,161		3,010,231
Total	\$	24,892,562	\$	26,060,339	\$	25,258,674

Modified Accrual Basis												
	<u>2009</u>		2008		2007		2006		2005	2004		2003
\$	12,258,888 139,080 8,878,429 49,801 839,550 246,963 771,771	\$	12,164,999 155,192 7,437,076 46,595 889,796 562,031 555,803	\$	11,965,029 146,154 8,985,811 46,448 878,146 727,814 526,168	\$	12,112,014 130,631 8,508,380 42,840 972,357 527,215 598,159	\$	12,006,165 115,554 8,913,042 43,784 827,429 235,286 370,840	\$ 10,563,405 182,952 7,763,991 43,085 892,684 144,012 422,175	\$	10,451,910 138,048 8,602,070 45,752 894,786 274,253 183,765
\$	23,184,482	\$	21,811,492	\$	23,275,570	\$	22,891,596	\$	22,512,100	\$ 20,012,304	\$	20,590,584
\$	5,587,657 2,249,501 3,964,269 1,293,605 4,312,514 931,875 3,132,367 578,263 1,445,472	\$	6,132,958 2,722,094 4,331,182 1,505,475 4,212,851 867,939 3,360,284 523,361 1,273,863	\$	5,119,567 2,193,961 3,692,161 1,714,377 3,026,353 702,324 4,335,439 198,327 1,820,955	\$	4,705,552 2,067,305 3,629,867 1,015,426 4,334,384 909,301 4,678,468 140,324 1,074,528	\$	4,681,993 2,161,440 3,200,582 975,386 3,339,170 682,478 3,621,634 16,871 2,948,601	\$ 4,584,761 2,137,665 3,334,802 852,565 3,235,696 597,698 3,587,116	\$	4,223,090 1,766,379 3,786,227 903,868 3,903,168 639,331 4,212,616 1,778,899
\$	23,495,523	\$	24,930,007	\$	22,803,464	\$	22,555,155	\$	21,628,155	\$ 19,710,032	\$	21,213,578

SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012

	CFDA <u>Number</u>	Agency or Pass- Through Number	Program <u>Expenditures</u>
GRANTOR/PROGRAM:			
INDIRECT: United States Department of Agriculture: Iowa Department of Human Services: State Administration Matching Grants for the Supplemental			
Nutrition Program	10.561	-	\$32,299
United States Department of Defense:			
lowa Treasurer of State: Payments to States in Lieu of Real Estate Taxes	12.112	-	8,952
<u>United States Department of Justice:</u> Iowa Department of Justice;			
Criminal Victim Assistance	16.575	VA-12-07	19,250
United States Department of Housing and Urban Development: lowa Department of Economic Development; Community Development Block Grants/State's Program and Non-Entitlement Grants in Hawaii	14.228	08-DRHB-219	235,017
United States Department of Transportation:			
lowa Department of Transportation: Highway Planning and Construction - ARRA Highway Planning and Construction - ARRA Highway Planning and Construction - ARRA	20.205 20.205 20.205	STP-ES-E-C029(057)8T-29 BROS-C029(59)8J-29 BROS-C029(62)8J-29	163,698 47,626 27,888 239,212
Iowa Department of Public Safety:			200,212
Alcohol Impaired Driving Countermeasures Incentive Grants Alcohol Impaired Driving Countermeasures Incentive Grants	20,601 20,601	-	643 1,793 2,436
<u>United States Department of Homeland Security:</u> Iowa Department of Public Defense:			
Emergency Management Performance Grants	97.042	-	34,106
United States Department of Health and Human Services: lowa Department of Public Health:			
Immunization Cooperative Agreements Immunization Cooperative Agreements	93.268 93.268	5881 425 5882 425	8,862 13,615 22,477
Public Health Emergency Preparedness Public Health Emergency Preparedness	93.069 93.069	5881BT29 5882BT29	6,084 15,643 21,727
Iowa Department of Human Services: Refugee and Entrant Assistance - State Administered Programs	93,566	-	56
Child Care Mandatory and Matching Funds of the Child Care Development Fund	93.596	-	7,198

SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012

GRANTOR/PROGRAM:	CFDA <u>Number</u>	Agency or Pass- Through Number	Program Expenditures
INDIRECT: (Continued)			
<u>United States Department of Health and Human Services:</u> (Continued)			
lowa Department of Human Services: (Continued)			
Foster Care Title IV-E - ARRA	93.658	-	11,796
Adoption Assistance - ARRA	93.659	-	3,434
Social Services Block Grant	93.667	-	10,308
Social Services Block Grant	93.667		205,593
			215,901
Child's Health Insurance Program	93.767	-	112
Medical Assistance Program	93.778	-	30,334
United States Department of Homeland Security:			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
lowa Homeland Security and Emergency Management Division:	07.000		
Disaster Grants - Public Assistance (Presidentially Declared Disasters lowa Northland Regional Council on Governments:	97,036	-	173,945
Homeland Security Grant Program	97.067	-	3,602
Total		;	\$ <u>1,061,854</u>

Basis of Presentation - The Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards includes the federal grant activity of Des Moines County, Iowa and is presented on the accrual basis of accounting. The information on this schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of OMB Circular A-133, <u>Audits of States</u>, <u>Local Governments</u>, <u>and Non-Profit Organizations</u>. Therefore, some amounts presented in this schedule may differ from amounts presented in, or used in the preparation of, the basic financial statements.

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHERS MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

To the Officials of Des Moines County, Iowa:

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the government activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of Des Moines County, Iowa, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2012, which collectively comprise the County's basic financial statements listed in the table of contents and have issued our report thereon dated March 26, 2013. We conducted our audit in accordance with U.S. generally accepted auditing standards and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in <u>Government Auditing Standards</u>, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

The management of Des Moines County, lowa is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over financial reporting. In planning and performing our audit, we considered Des Moines County, lowa's internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the effectiveness of Des Moines County, lowa's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Des Moines County, lowa's internal control over financial reporting.

Our consideration of internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the preceding paragraph and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that might be significant deficiencies or material weaknesses and therefore, there can be no assurance all deficiencies, significant deficiencies or material weakness have been identified. However, as described in the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs, we identified certain deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting we consider to be material weaknesses and other deficiencies we consider to be significant deficiencies.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of the control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility a material misstatement of the County's financial statements will not be prevented or detected and corrected on a timely basis. We consider the deficiency described in Part II of the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs as item 12-II-A to be a material weakness.

A significant deficiency is a deficiency or combination of deficiencies in internal control which is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance. We consider the deficiencies described in Part II of the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs as items 12-II-B, 12-II-D and 12-II-E to be significant deficiencies.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether Des Moines County, Iowa's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, non-compliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of non-compliance or other matters that are required to be reported under <u>Government Auditing Standards</u>. However, we noted certain immaterial instances of non-compliance or other matters which are described in Part IV of the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs.

Comments involving statutory and other legal matters about the County's operations for the year ended June 30, 2012 are based exclusively on knowledge obtained from procedures performed during our audit of the financial statements of the County. Since our audit was based on tests and samples, not all transactions that might have had an impact on the comments were necessarily audited. The comments involving statutory and other legal matters are not intended to constitute legal interpretations of those statutes.

Des Moines County, Iowa's responses to findings identified in our audit are described in the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs. While we have expressed our conclusions on the County's responses, we did not audit Des Moines County, Iowa's responses and, accordingly, we express no opinion on them.

This report, a public record by law, is intended solely for the information and use of the officials, employees and citizens of Des Moines County, Iowa and other parties to whom Des Moines County, Iowa may report including federal awarding agencies and pass-through entities and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

We would like to acknowledge the many courtesies and assistance extended to us by personnel of Des Moines County, lowa during the course of our audit. Should you have any questions concerning any of the above matters, we shall be pleased to discuss them with you at your convenience.

ANDERSON, LARKIN & CO. P.C.

Ottumwa, Iowa March 26, 2013

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE WITH REQUIREMENTS THAT COULD HAVE A DIRECT AND MATERIAL EFFECT ON EACH MAJOR PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE IN ACCORDANCE WITH OMB CIRCULAR A-133

To the Officials of Des Moines County, Iowa

Compliance

We have audited the compliance of Des Moines County, lowa with the types of compliance requirements described in the <u>U.S. Office of Management and Budget (OMB) Circular A-133 Compliance Supplement</u> that could have direct and material effect on its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2012. Des Moines County, lowa's major federal programs are identified in Part I of the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs. Compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants applicable to each of its major federal programs is the responsibility of Des Moines County, lowa's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on Des Moines County, lowa's compliance based on our audit.

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with U.S. generally accepted auditing standards; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in <u>Government Auditing Standards</u>, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and OMB Circular A-133, <u>Audits of States, Local Governments</u>, and <u>Non-Profit Organizations</u>. Those standards and OMB Circular A-133 require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about Des Moines County, Iowa's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances. We believe our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion. Our audit does not provide a legal determination on Des Moines County, Iowa's compliance with those requirements.

In our opinion, Des Moines County, Iowa complied, in all material respects, with the requirements referred to above that could have direct and material effect on its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2012. The results of our auditing procedures disclosed no instances of non-compliance with those requirements which are required to be reported in accordance with OMB Circular A-133.

Internal Control over Compliance

The management of Des Moines County, Iowa, is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with requirements of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements applicable to federal programs. In planning and performing our audit, we considered Des Moines County, Iowa's internal control over compliance with requirements that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program in order to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on compliance and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with OMB Circular A-133, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Des Moines County, Iowa's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in the County's internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect and correct non-compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance such that there is a reasonable possibility material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented or detected and corrected on a timely basis.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the preceding paragraph and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be significant deficiencies or material weaknesses and, therefore, there can be no assurance all deficiencies, significant deficiencies or material weaknesses have been identified. We noted no deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Des Moines County, Iowa's responses to findings identified in our audit are described in the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs. While we have expressed our conclusions on the County's responses, we did not audit Des Moines County, Iowa's responses and, accordingly, we express no opinion on them.

This report, a public record by law, is intended solely for the information and use of the officials, employees and citizens of Des Moines County, Iowa and other parties to whom Des Moines County, Iowa may report, including federal awarding agencies and pass-through entities and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

ANDERSON, LARKIN & CO. P.C.

Ottumwa, Iowa March 26, 2013

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012

Part I: Summary of the Independent Auditor's Results

- a. Unqualified opinions were issued on the financial statements.
- Significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in internal control over financial reporting were disclosed by the audit of the financial statements.
- c. The audit did not disclose any non-compliance which is material to the financial statements.
- d. No material weaknesses in internal control over the major programs were disclosed by the audit of the financial statements.
- e. An unqualified opinion was issued on compliance with requirements applicable to each major program.
- f. The audit disclosed no audit findings which are required to be reported in accordance with Office of Management and Budget Circular A-133, Section .510(a).
- g. The major programs were CFDA Number:

14.228 Community Development Block Grants/State's Program and Non-Entitlement Grants in Hawaii

93.667 Social Services Block Grant

20.205 Highway Planning and Construction - ARRA

- h. The dollar threshold used to distinguish between Type A and Type B programs was \$300,000.
- i. Des Moines County did not qualify as a low-risk auditee.

Part II: Findings Related to the Financial Statements

Internal Control Deficiencies:

- 12-II-A Segregation of Duties During our review of internal control, the existing procedures are evaluated in order to determine incompatible duties, from a control standpoint, are not performed by the same employee. This segregation of duties helps to prevent losses from employee error or dishonesty and, therefore, maximizes the accuracy of the County's financial statements. Generally, one or two individuals in the offices identified may have control over the following areas for which no compensating controls exist:
 - 1) <u>Conservation</u> Collection and deposit preparation functions were not performed by an individual who does not record and account for cash receipts.
 - 2) Sheriff (Civil) Checks are not signed by an individual who does not participate in the preparation of the checks.

Recommendation – We realize segregation of duties is difficult with a limited number of office employees. However, each official should review the operating procedures of their office to obtain the maximum internal control possible under the circumstances. The officials should utilize current personnel to provide additional control through review of financial transactions, reconciliations and reports. Such reviews should be performed by independent persons, to the extent possible, and should be evidenced by initials or signature of the reviewer and the date of the review.

Responses -

Conservation - We are aware of this issue and we will continue to find a way to resolve the issue.

<u>Sheriff</u> – The office is currently using a supervisor to do a random review on checks written by the civil division. That supervisor then initials the report which documents the checks which were reviewed. In the future, a copy of reports that are reviewed will be kept in a separate file for the independent auditor.

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012

Part II: Findings Related to the Financial Statements (Continued)

12-II-A Segregation of Duties(continued)

Conclusions -

Conservation and Sheriff - Responses accepted.

12-II-B Sheriff Law Enforcement Contracts – The Sheriff maintains records of contract law enforcement billings, collections and outstanding balances, but the reports are not reviewed and reconciled by an independent person.

Recommendation – An independent person should reconcile and review the contract law enforcement billings and collections.

Response – Each month a revenue report is sent by the Auditor's Office to the Sheriff's Office indicating payments made by cities under contract with the County for law enforcement coverage. The revenue report will be reviewed by a Sheriff's Office Administrator on a quarterly basis to ensure financial terms of the contract are being met. A copy of the report will be initialed by the reviewer and kept in a separate file for independent auditor.

Conclusion - Response accepted.

12-II-C Public Health Nurse - Nursing service billings, collections and balances were not reconciled each month.

Recommendation - Nursing service billings, collections and balances should be reconciled monthly.

Response – The bookkeeper will prepare the nursing reconciliation spreadsheet and post collections as they are received.

Conclusion - Response accepted.

12-II-D <u>Weapon Permit Revenue</u> – The Sheriff's office remits the County's share of weapon permits to the County Treasurer. The weapon permit collections are not reconciled to the Treasurer's miscellaneous receipts.

<u>Recommendation</u> – Weapon permit collections and miscellaneous receipts should be reconciled to ensure all collections are deposited with the County Treasurer.

Response – The County's share of weapon permit monies collected will be deposited with the County Treasurer. Each month the weapon permit collections and miscellaneous receipts will be reconciled to ensure all collections are properly documented and deposited with the County Treasurer.

Conclusion - Response accepted.

12-II-E <u>Timely Deposits</u> – Conservation and Secondary Roads collections were not always deposited with the County Treasurer timely.

Recommendations - Receipts should be deposited with the County Treasurer's Office on a timely basis.

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012

Part II: Findings Related to the Financial Statements (Continued)

12-II-E Timely Deposits: (Continued)

Responses -

Conservation Board – We will do our best to get deposits to the County Treasurer's office within 10 working days.

Secondary Roads - We will continue to try to improve on this subject.

Conclusions - Responses accepted.

INSTANCES OF NON-COMPLIANCE:

No matters were noted.

Part III: Findings and Questions Costs For Federal Awards:

INTERNAL CONTROL DEFICIENCIES:

No matters were noted.

INSTANCES OF NON-COMPLIANCE:

No matters were noted.

Part IV: Other Findings Related to Required Statutory Reporting

12-IV-A <u>Certified Budget</u> – Disbursements during the year ended June 30, 2012 exceeded the amounts budgeted in the Capital Projects function.

Recommendation – The budget should have been amended in accordance with Chapter 331.435 of the Code of Iowa before expenditures were allowed to exceed budget.

Response - We will do so from now on.

Conclusion - Response accepted

- 12-IV-B Questionable Expenditures No expenditures were noted that we believe may not meet the requirements of public purpose as defined in an Attorney General's opinion dated April 25, 1979 were noted.
- 12-IV-C <u>Travel Expense</u> No expenditures of County money for travel expenses of spouses of County officials or employees were noted.
- 12-IV-D <u>Business transactions</u> No business transactions between the County and County officials or employees were noted.
- 12-IV-E <u>Bond Coverage</u> Surety bond coverage of County officials and employees is in accordance with statutory provisions. The amount of surety bond coverage should be reviewed annually to ensure the coverage is adequate for current operations.
- 12-IV-F <u>Board Minutes</u> No transactions were found that we believe should have been approved in the Board minutes but were not. The minutes from the Board of Supervisor's meetings for December 13, 2011, January 10, 2012 and February 7, 2012 were not published within one week of approval.

Recommendation - The County should ensure minutes are published as required by the Code of Iowa.

Response - We will do so from now on.

Conclusion - Response accepted

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012

Part IV: Other Findings Related to Required Statutory Reporting (Continued)

- 12-IV-G Deposits and Investments No instances of non-compliance with the deposit and investment provisions of Chapter 12B and 12C of the Code of Iowa and the County's investment policy were noted.
- 12-IV-H Resource Enhancement and Protection Certification The County properly dedicated property tax revenue to conservation purposes as required by Chapter 455A.19(1)(b) of the Code of lowa in order to receive the additional REAP funds allocated in accordance with subsections (b)(2) and (b)(3).
- 12-IV-I County Extension Office The County Extension Office is operated under the authority of Chapter 176A of the Code of Iowa and serves as an agency of the State of Iowa. This fund is administered by an Extension Council separate and distinct from County operations and, consequently, is not included in Exhibits A or B.

Disbursements during the year ended June 30, 2012 for the County Extension Office did not exceed the amount budgeted.

12-IV-J Outstanding Checks - The Sheriff's Office has outstanding checks over one year old.

Recommendation – In accordance with Chapter 331.554(6)of the Code of Iowa, the Sheriff's Office should void and remit checks outstanding for more than one year to the General Fund.

Response – The Sheriff's Office will void and remit checks outstanding for more than one year to the County General Fund.

Conclusion - Response accepted

12-IV-K E911 Budget - The E911 budget was not published.

Recommendation - The Code of lowa requires the annual budget be published prior to adoption.

Response – We will do so from now on.

Conclusion - Response accepted